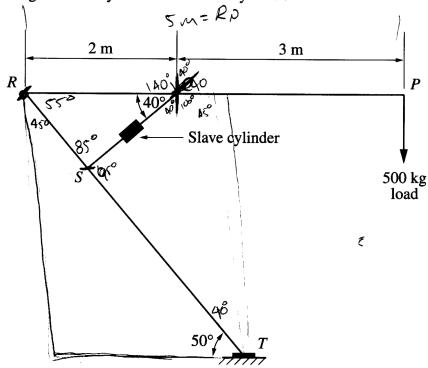
2

Question 14 — Lifting Devices (10 marks)

The diagram shows a lifting device. Arm RP is raised or lowered by a hydraulic system comprising a master cylinder and a slave cylinder.



The lifting device is required to hold a load of 500 kg. Determine the minimum (a) force required in member QS to keep arm RP horizontal.

511 40 = 3C 10000

50014= 5000N

Mg Fd = 3x000

= 1000NM)

10000x 5in 40

RQ=10000N

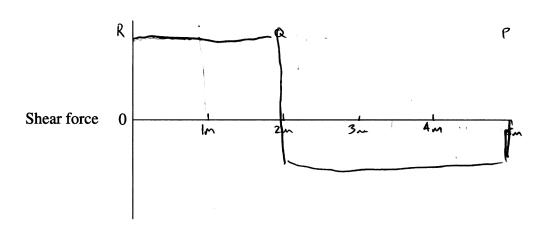
Minimum force = 6427-9 N = 6-4279 kN

Question 14 continues on page 19

2

3

- (b) For another set of conditions, the force in member QS was found to be 21.35 kN.
 - (i) Draw the shear-force diagram for the arm *RP*. Label the values on the diagram. The mass of the arm should not be considered.



(ii) Determine the diameter of the master cylinder if the mechanical advantage of the hydraulic system is 3. The slave cylinder has a cross-sectional area of 2800 mm².

$$MA = \frac{L}{E}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2800}{2}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$1 =$$

Question 14 continues on page 20

(c)	Gears used in lifting devices can be manufactured by powder-forming or by a variety of other processes.	3
	Identify an alternative manufacturing process, and contrast the properties of gears formed by this process with the properties of the powder-formed gears.	
	Greats can be drop forced, which means they are	
	lemanulactured by applying force until he correct	
	shape is a chieved, this allows the greats to have more	
	stress free grayer than powder forming which	
	will leave grows that are independent and have	
	quite brithe	

End of Question 14